

Cambridge International AS Level

ENGLISH GENERAL PAPER Paper 1 Essay MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 30 Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2022 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

This document consists of 17 printed pages.

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Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded positively:

- Marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate.
- Marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do.
- Marks are not deducted for errors.
- Marks are not deducted for omissions.
- Answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

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GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Generic levels of response descriptions

These level definitions address Assessment Objectives (AOs) 1, 2 and 3, and should be used in conjunction with the indicative content for each question in the mark scheme. Information about AOs can be found in the Cambridge International AS Level English General Paper syllabus (8021) for examination in 2019, 2020 and 2021.

Introduction

The level definitions which follow reflect, and should be interpreted within the context of, the following general statement:

- (a) Examiners will give their highest marks to candidates who demonstrate a disciplined management of the discussion the question provokes and use clear and accurate communication. Examiners will be guided more by careful selection and application of information, effective analysis and evaluation, and supported judgement, than by weight of facts.
- (b) Examiners will use these level definitions in combination with the question-specific mark schemes.
- (c) Explanation or judgement is strengthened if informed by the use of relevant examples.
- (d) The level in which an essay is placed depends on the range of criteria detailed in AO1, AO2 and AO3. As a result, not all essays fall obviously into one particular level. In such cases a 'best-fit' approach will be adopted with any doubt erring on the side of generosity.

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In marking an essay, examiners will first place it in a level and then fine-tune the mark in terms of how strongly/weakly the demands of the level have been demonstrated. The criteria in each level are written to exemplify the middle of that level.

	Levels of response descriptions				
Level	AO1 Selection and application of information	AO2 Analysis and evaluation	AO3 Communication using written English	Marks	
5	 Selects a range of fully relevant information that effectively exemplifies the main aspects of the response to the question. Applies a range of examples appropriately to support the main ideas and opinions in the response. 	 Analyses possible meanings of the question and defines the scope of the response. Develops, analyses and evaluates a range of arguments to reach a supported conclusion. Develops a strong argument with clear use of supportive evidence. 	 Communicates clearly with consistently appropriate use of register. Uses a wide range of vocabulary and a variety of language features. Uses language with control and accuracy. Errors, if present, are only related to the use of sophisticated words and structures. Constructs a cohesive response which links ideas, arguments and paragraphs convincingly. Text is well organised. 	25–30	
4	 Selects relevant information that exemplifies the main aspects of the response to the question. Applies examples appropriately to support the main ideas and opinions in the response. 	 Analyses the meaning of the question to inform the scope of the response. Develops, analyses and begins to evaluate different arguments to reach a supported conclusion. Develops a well-reasoned argument with use of supportive evidence. 	 Communicates clearly with appropriate use of register. Uses a range of vocabulary and language features. Uses language with control and some accuracy. Errors relate to the use of less common words and structures. Constructs a clear response which links ideas, arguments and paragraphs. Text is generally well organised. 	19–24	

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	Levels of response descriptions				
Level	AO1 Selection and application of information	AO2 Analysis and evaluation	AO3 Communication using written English	Marks	
3	 Selects information that exemplifies some of the main aspects of the response to the question. Applies examples to support the main ideas and opinions in the response. 	 Demonstrates understanding of the meaning of the question in the response. Develops and brings together some arguments to form a conclusion. Constructs an argument which is logical and usually supported by evidence. 	 Communicates clearly overall but with inconsistent use of appropriate register. Uses everyday vocabulary and some varied language features. Uses language with some control. Errors are noticeable but do not impede communication. Constructs a mostly coherent response which links ideas, arguments and paragraphs. Text has some organisation but may not be sustained. 	13–18	
2	 Selects limited information that exemplifies aspects of the response to the question. Applies examples that are linked to some of the ideas and opinions in the response. 	 Demonstrates partial understanding of the meaning of the question in the response. Refers to arguments to form a conclusion. Constructs an argument partially supported by evidence. 	 Communicates clearly in places, with inconsistent use of register. Uses basic vocabulary with limited language features. Uses language with limited control. Errors are frequent and sometimes impede communication. Constructs a fragmented response which links some ideas and/or arguments. 	7–12	

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Levels of response descriptions				
Level	AO1 Selection and application of information	AO2 AO3 Analysis and evaluation Communication using written English	Marks	
1	 Selects limited information that is relevant to the question. Makes examples which may not link to the ideas and opinions in the response. 	 Makes a limited response to the question. Makes some form of basic conclusion. Constructs a weak argument. Constructs a response to the question. Uses basic vocabulary. Uses language with control rarely. Errors are frequent and communication is often lost. Constructs a response but the response is not organised and ideas are not linked. 	1–6	
0	A mark of zero should be awarded	or no creditable content.	0	

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Question	Answer	Marks
1	International sporting events no longer represent the true nature of sport. Discuss.	30
	Answers are likely to:	

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Question	Answer	Marks
2	To what extent is the main priority of education to teach people to read?	30
	Answers are likely to:	

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Question	Answer	Marks
3	Evaluate the benefits and difficulties of working from home.	30
	Answers are likely to:	

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Question	Answer	Marks
4	People should always base their actions on the opinion of experts. Discuss.	30
	Answers are likely to:	

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Question	Answer	Marks
5	The work of scientists should never be restricted. Evaluate this statement.	30
	Answers are likely to: discuss the nature and scope of scientific work and research consider the extent to which restrictions should be placed on the work and research of scientists make a judgement, based on the consideration of the evidence and argument put forward. Answers might include discussion and examples such as: there being some ethical and moral boundaries that scientists ought not to cross science should be restricted to what is productive for humans the potential for dystopian consequences if science is allowed to go too far there being certain questions science cannot answer or even explore potential developments in certain areas may have severe consequences for individual reputations allowing scientists the freedom to pursue unhindered research can bring great benefits to humanity there being no boundaries to human knowledge and it being science's role to increase that knowledge the existence of potential scientific benefits in a wide range of areas.	

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Question	Answer	Marks
6	To what extent do you agree that computers have decreased our quality of life?	30
	Answers are likely to:	

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Question	Answer	Marks
7	Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of mathematical modelling.	30
	Answers are likely to:	

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Answer	Marks
Assess the significance of superheroes in our lives.	30
Answers are likely to:	
	Assess the significance of superheroes in our lives. Answers are likely to: explore the characteristics of the superhero assess the extent to which superheroes, real or imagined, are significant to people make a judgement, based on a consideration of the evidence and argument put forward. Answers might include discussions and examples such as: mythological superheroes having achieved impressive feats but often were flawed heroes real-life superheroes having made impacts by breaking and challenging stereotypes superheroes waging war against evil and terror being symbols of hope and encouragement comic books featuring heroes having striking effects together with a moral compass several iconic superheroes being renowned for defeating evil personages and forces superheroes being often associated with national aspirations and become embedded in a nation's culture superheroes can be real life creatures of any other species

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Question	Answer	Marks
9	Theatrical plays written before the twenty-first century have no relevance to life today. Discuss.	30
	Answers are likely to:	

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Question	Answer	Marks
10	Printed newspapers, magazines, books and comics are no longer needed in our digital age. Discuss.	30
	Answers are likely to:	

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